

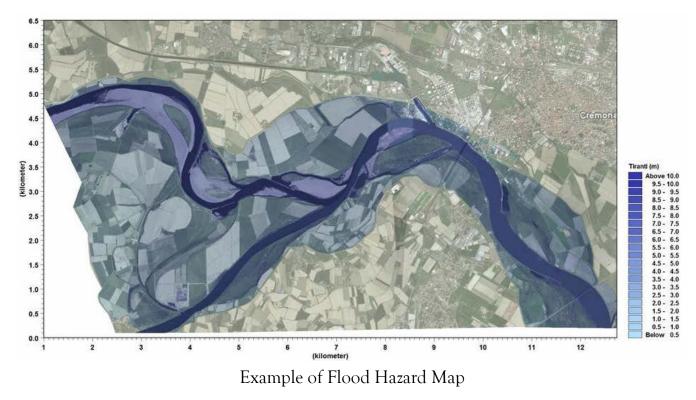
Geotechnical Aspects in the Vulnerability Assessment of Existing River Banks

Filippo Maria Soccodato AGI Associazione Geotecnica Italiana Italian Geotechnical Society





Flood risk maps in river areas protected by levees typically consider the only risk of overtopping, implicitly disregarding potential failures of the defence structures.







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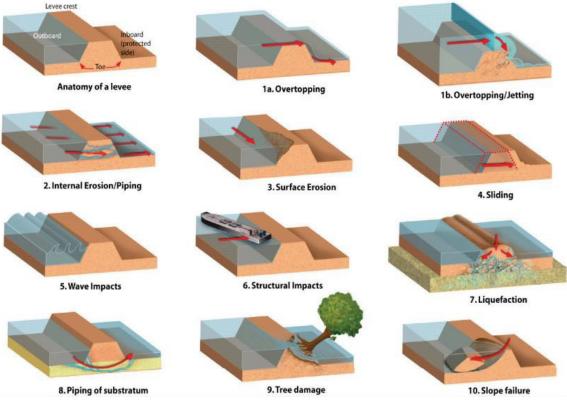


From: The National Flood Risk Analysis for the Netherlands, Final Report





But levees problems are both hydraulic and geotechnical.



From: Zina Deretsky, National Science Foundation





But levees problems are both hydraulic and geotechnical.



Activation of piping phenomena during flooding events, Po river, 20.11.2014





But levees problems are both hydraulic and geotechnical.



Secchia river bank collapse, 19.01.2014





But levees problems are both hydraulic and geotechnical.





Secchia river bank collapse, 19.01.2014





The available data show that the probability of river bank failure is not negligible.

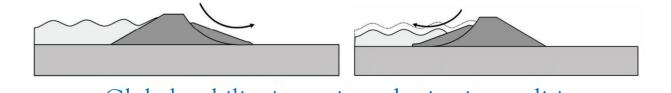
| | Po River, from | Tagliamento | Piave River, | Adige River, |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Cremona to | River, from | from Nervesa | from Merano to |
| | Borgoforte | Pinzano to the | to the river | San Michele |
| | | river mouth | mouth | |
| No. bank failures | 24 | 166 | 82 | 69 |
| Monitoring period | 1800 to 1951 | 1800 to 1966 | 1800 to 1966 | 1872 to 2011 |
| Length of the monitored | 98 | 91.4 | 65.1 | 50 |
| river stretch (km) | | | | |
| Density of bank | 0.16 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| failures | | | | |
| (failures/km/100 years) | | | | |

Bank failures occurred in four Italian rivers of Northern Italy (Ranzi et al., 2013)

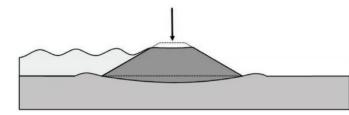




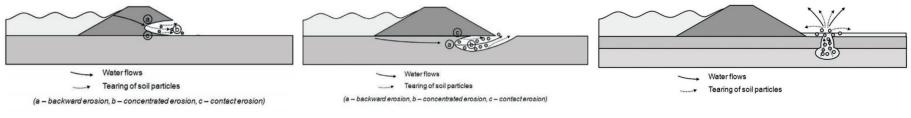
Examples of main causes of river bank collapse to be verified in geotechnics.



Global stability in static and seismic conditions.



Consolidation settlement of foundation.



Backward erosion piping.





Remarks

There is no perfect flood risk management plan.

Consider and combine three approaches:

- ✓ Prevention
- ✓ Risk reduction
- ✓ Response management

Not only focus on the hydraulical conditions but also take the stength of levees into account.

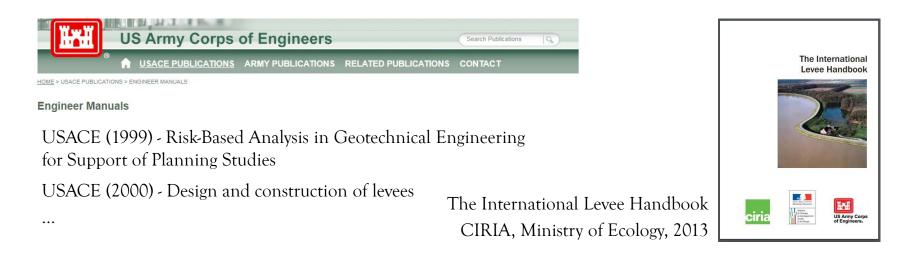
Levees are part of the built environment, which is constantly changing, in maintenance schemes this should be incorporated.





AGI Guidelines on geotechnical aspects of river banks design and maintenance.

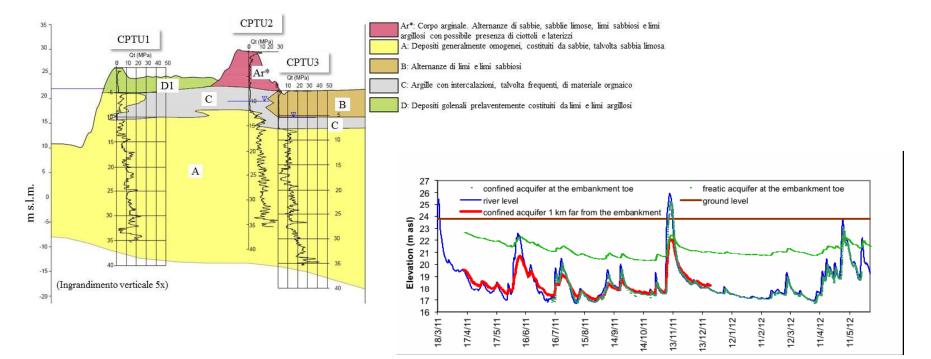
- \checkmark design criteria
- \checkmark intervention criteria of adaptation and reinforcement
- ✓ maintenance
- \checkmark monitoring and control







Focus on the importance of an accurate geotechnical model of the river bank system.



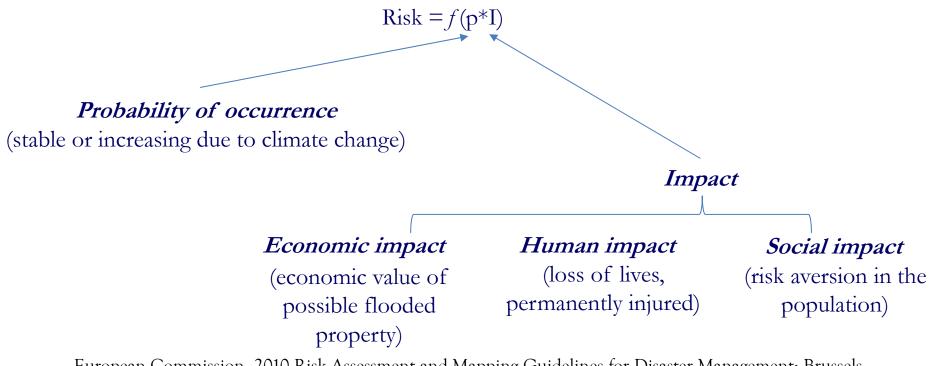
SISMAPO Project





Focus on the importance of monitoring and control systems.

Artificial levees are long-stretching structures that protect large areas from flood risk



European Commission. 2010 Risk Assessment and Mapping Guidelines for Disaster Management; Brussels





Focus on the importance of monitoring and control systems.

Impact=*Exposure***Vulnerability*

(increasing population, increasing anthropization of territory)

> (reduce vulnerability by increasing resilience and reliability of protection structures to reduce the overall flood related risk)

STRUCTURAL HEALTH MONITORING OF LEVEES

European Commission. 2010 Risk Assessment and Mapping Guidelines for Disaster Management; Brussels





STRUCTURE HEALTH MONITORING OF LEVEES Combining dike & sensor technology for floodrisk management and realtime prognoses of dike stability.

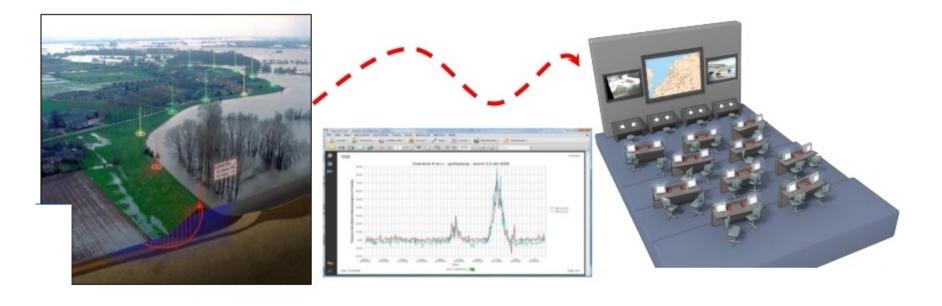


Smart Levees Project





STRUCTURE HEALTH MONITORING OF LEVEES Use information also to optimize levee maintenance and levee improvement programmes.



Smart Levees Project





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Filippo Maria Soccodato AGI Associazione Geotecnica Italiana

> f.soccodato@iating.it +39.347.48.65.137

AGI TC Guidelines on geotechnical aspects of river banks design and maintenance

Technical Committee Chair: Prof. Guido Gottardi

